

Management of Chronic Gastro-Cutaneous Fistula post LSG

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Disclosure

• Nothing to disclose







• 37 years old female underwent LSG 2 years prior to presentation to our center.

• The patient was complicated with leakage at POD 5 for which she had a mega stent inserted endoscopically- 2 weeks after diagnosis-.

• Slippage of the stent after 2 days then another one was inserted for 6 weeks.

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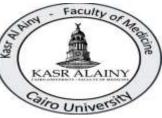


• Leakage was not controlled, and after 8 weeks she developed a gastro-cutaneous fistula.

• Conservativee management failed to close the fistula.







Clinical presentation

• 1.5 years later she presented to the emergency department with left hypochondrial abscess that was drained and a gastro-cutaneus fistula was diagnosed with MSCT abdomen.

• Severe malnutrition and frequent vomiting.





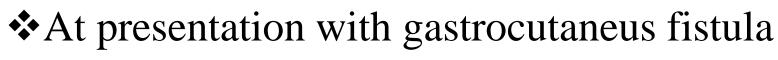


Abscess from gastro-cutaneous fistula











- Hb 8.1g/dl, Albumin 2.5g/dl, mg 1.2
- **❖**Imaging:

CT fistulography left lateral abdominal wall showed opacified track 10 cm in length traversing the abdominal wall muscles reaching intra-abdominal cavity.

EGD: Fistulous opening near the GEJ



Cairo University
Faculty of Medicine
Gastrointestinal Endoscopy Unit
Unit Director: Prof. Mohammad Salah Abdelbary



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Upper Endoscopy Report

Patient Name:	Jan	ID.	52729
Endoscopist:		DOB	23/08/1988
2 nd Operator		Age:	
Referred By:	E	_	11/10/2022

INDICATION FOR EXAMINATION

Post operative follow up

PROCEDURE PERFORMED

Diagnostic

PROCEDURE DETAILS

MEDICATIONS

FINDINGS

Esophagus:

The mucosa above the 2-line shows Grade A mucosal break < 5 mm in length above hyperimic mucosa

Stomach:

Post sleeve gastrectomy.

The gastric mucosa is erythematous.

There is a fistulous opening at 40 cm from the dental arch over a markedly edematous mucosa.

Pylorus:

Regular and Active.

Duodenum:

Duodenal bulb, D2 - 2nd part of duodenum: Normal appearance.

Conclusions

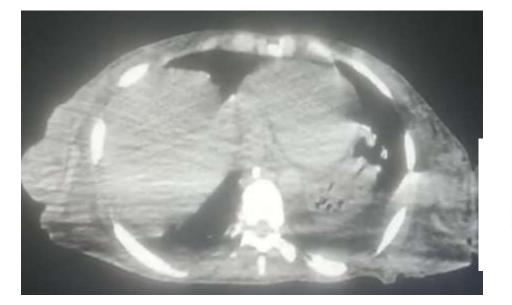
Reflux esophagitis (Grade A).

Post classes exchange

Fistulous opening over inflammed mucosa.

Recommendations

Endoscopist: Naema Elgarhy Nurse: Mervat Ahmed











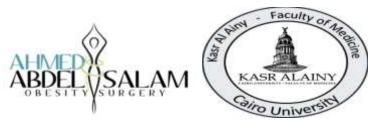


Postoperative outcome



- The patient was admitted to ICU for postoperative monitoring.
- Enteral feeding was established and was tolerated.
- Nutritional support by both oral and parenteral nutrition, taking into consideration that labs show no signs of infection and improvement of electrolyte imbalance.





Conclusion

• Failure of non-operative treatment of gastrocutaneus fistula necessitated a more aggressive surgical remedy.

• Proper early management of complications is always the key to prevent such difficult situations.





THANK YOU

